

HOW TO GET STARTED WITH GAME DESIGN

By Sharon Boller, president

Bottom-Line Performance, Inc.



Me!

Author, game-lover(!), learner, instructional designer, game designer, dog-lover, Mom, wife, cyclist, hiker, and president, Bottom-Line Performance.

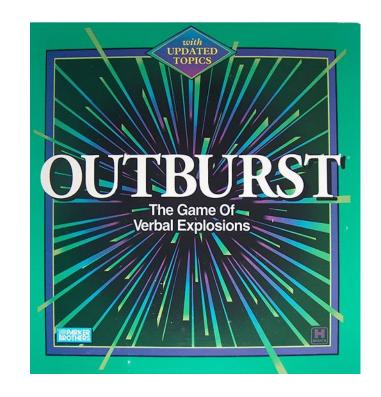


You?

Type your favorite game in the chat box.

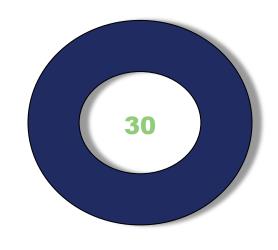
Let's Play a Game

- Get a piece of scrap paper and a pen.
 Write numbers 1 14.
- 2. Take 30 seconds to think of the words that should be part of the definition of the word "game."
- 3. Write them down.
- 4. After 30 seconds, I will share the "right" 14 words. I'll poll the group and see who gets all 14 or the closest to all 14.
- 5. These "winners" will get a chance to win a free book.



Game loosely based on Outburst

Correct Sequence



Correct Sequence

- 1. Activity
- 2. Explicit 9.
- 3. Goal
- 4. Challenge
- 5. Rules
- 6. Players
- 7. Interactivity

- 8. Players
- 9. Game Environment
- 10. Feedback Mechanisms
- 11. Cues
- 12. Performing
- 13. Quantifiable outcome
- 14. Emotional reaction

How many did you get?

A GAME IS...

- An activity with an explicit goal or challenge
- Rules for players and the system (computer games)
- Interactivity with other players, the game environment (or both)
- Feedback mechanisms that provides players with clear cues on how they are performing.
- It results in a quantifiable outcome (you win, you lose, you hit the target, etc.) and often triggers an emotional reaction in players.

Webinar Agenda

- 1. Key challenges and common questions
- 2. Buy-in: How games and learning are linked
- 3. Know-how: Nine steps of learning game development best practices/pitfalls
- 4. Time & Budget: Buy versus build

Key Challenges; Top Questions

Challenges	Most common questions?	
Buy-in	How do I "sell" c-suite and managers on value of games? How do I convince learners a game is valuable?	
Time to produce	How can I produce games quickly? Or…"how much time will it take me to produce a game?"	
Budget (aka none)	What can I do for freeor very little cost?	
Know-How	How do I get started? What skills do I need? How do I figure out what I can put into a game?	

Buy-in: Games enable execution of the learning & remembering "equation"



How games link to learning

We need	Game Elements That Match	
Motivation and Emotion	Game goals or challenges, competition (against time, the game itself, other teams), reward structures (leveling, points, achievements, acquisition of resources), story	
Relevant practice	Connection between in-game challenge on on-the-job need, linkage between game rules and real-world constraints and environmental factors, reward structures that mirror real-world, levels w/in game, game loops	
Feedback	Impact of choices on game progress and status, comparison against other players or against game. "Game loop" itself also supplies feedback as players experiment with different strategies and observe results.	
Spaced repetition	Levels, replayability	
Story	Narrative and characters (Note: not every game has story)	

NOT "When are games...?"

INSTEAD"Which kind of games...?"



Which games when?

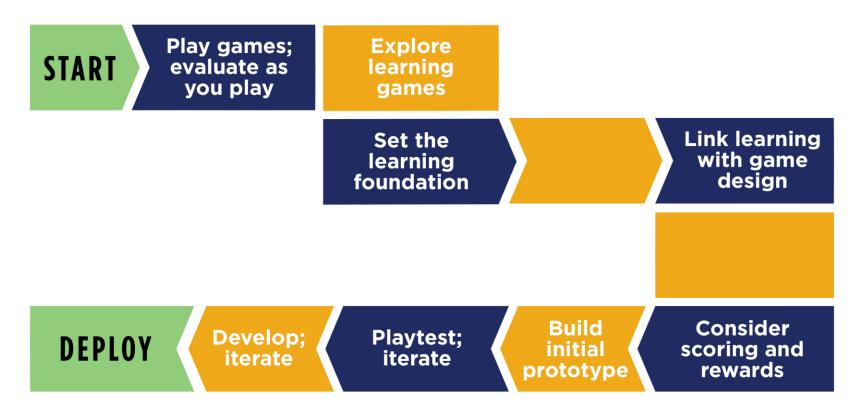
Our constraint	Games You Can Use	
Shared experience; need for the ah-ha	Simulation-type games, which can include improv games	
Huge group of people	Improv games; experiential games where no game components or few game components are required	
Single person; remote or virtual participation	Digital games and tools (Check out Jackbox Party Pack games for GREAT ideas in this genre. Sign up for a Steam account and play myriad of role playing games. Convert paper/pencil games (e.g. Outburst) into a learning game.	
Team-based	Board games; simple simulations; digital games with leaderboards and social elements	

Which games when?

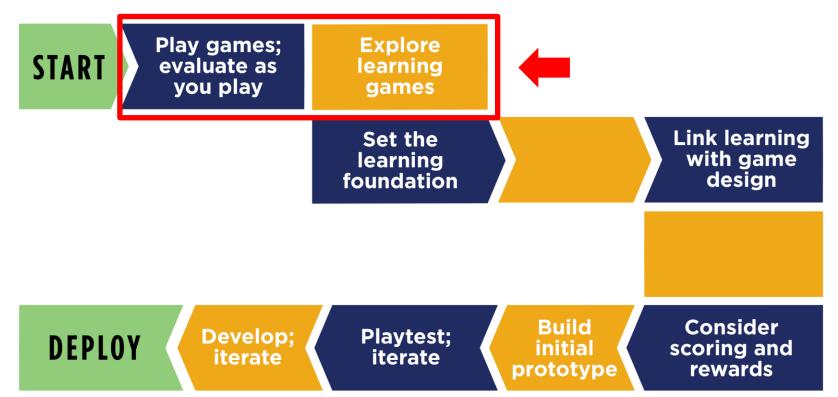
Our learning need	Game types and techniques you can use	
Drill and practice (memorization of knowledge)	Matching games, Q&A games, quiz-style games. Heavy focus on achievement and progression in these types of games, with increasing levels of difficulty included to maintain player interest in otherwise boring task.	
Application practice	Decision-making games with a specific game goal of achieving sales, marketshare target, quality standard, turnover reduction, etc. (We're creating a cool one loosely based on "Deception: Murder in Hong Kong" right now. Quiz-style that uses scenarios and branched choices	
Problem-solving, task execution under time limits	Time-based games, role-playing games, simulations with time constraints and "unplanned events" or "chance events"	

SO... HOW DO YOU CREATE GAMES THAT HELP PEOPLE LEARN?

9 Learning Game Design Steps



9 Learning Game Design Steps



1. Play games; evaluate as you play









Use the chat window:

What's the last game you played?

How many times/month do you play a game?

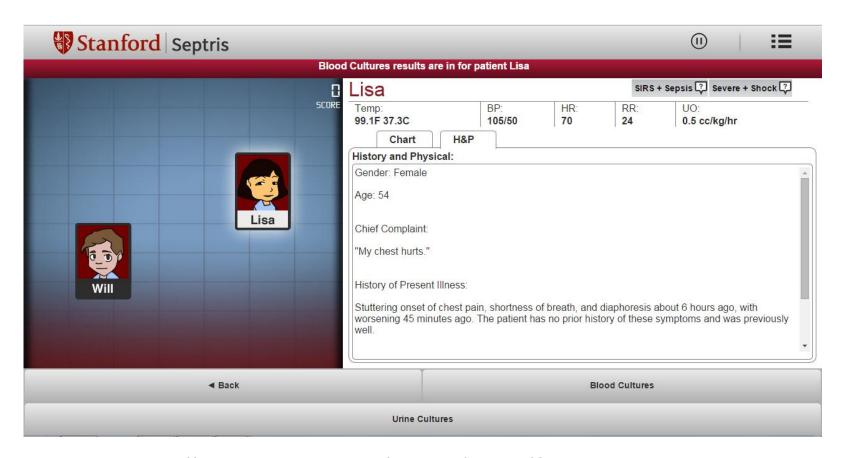
Things to Evaluate

Game component	Things to evaluate
Game Goal	Is it challenging? Do you like it?
Core dynamic(s)	How do you achieve the goalcollecting things, exploration, racing to the finish, territory acquisition? Is THAT fun?
Game mechanics	Do the rules contribute to your enjoyment? Are they too complex? Too easy?
Game elements	What game elements are part of this game and how do they enhance it?
Feedback	How do I know how I am doing? Is it effective?

2. Explore learning games





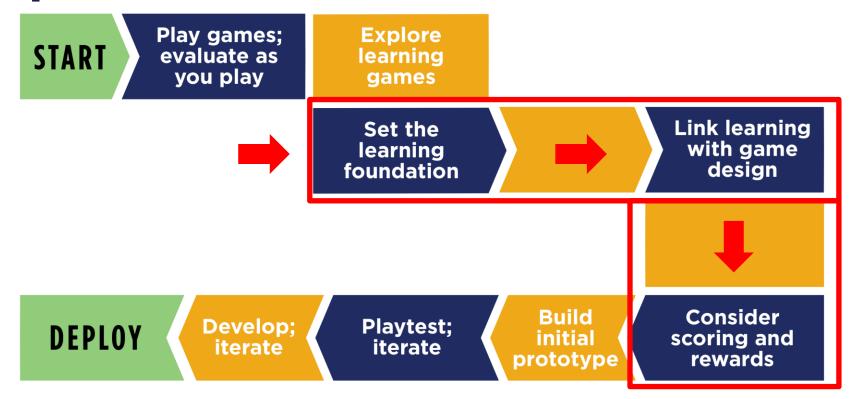


http://med.stanford.edu/septris/game/SeptrisTitle.html

Things to Evaluate

Game component	Things to evaluate
Game Goal	Is it challenging? Do you like it?
Instructional Goal	What are you supposed to be learning?
Core dynamic(s)	Do the core dynamics link well to the learning goal/needs?
Game mechanics	Do the rules support the learning? Detract from it?
Game elements	What game elements are part of this game and how do they enhance the learning experience? Detract from it?
Feedback	How do I know how I am doing? Is it useful from a learning perspective?

Steps Three, Four, and Five



Buy-in: Always start with the problem or opportunity – and how much it costs to NOT solve it or how much \$\$ can be gained

Sally is an independent distributor rep for ACME. She sells over \$1M of product for ACME per year, and she's one of about 3000 independent distributor reps.

If Sally would sell 10 parts per customer instead of 8 parts per customer, it would increase her annual by \$250K – which is nice for Sally since it increases her commission earnings. If ACME had at least 250 of its 3000 independent reps doing the same thing, revenue would increase by \$62.5M!!! (250K x 250)

The biggest reason independent reps don't sell more parts per customer? They lack awareness of all the product applications embedded into a single electronic device – and which technologies are associated with any given application.

Business Need	Instructional Goal	Player Persona	Learning Objectives
Increase parts sold per customer	Link relevant product families to variety of applications and technologies	Key challenge: day is spent on the go Key value: Being a credible voice and hitting goals	Define each customer type and identify applications relevant to each one.

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Player Personas

- Go deeper than "audience analysis."
- Paint a picture of the player and the constraints, challenges, and values of that player.
- Help you visualize who is playing your game.



"Show me how to use info within a sales call. Keep it simple. Make it easy to access and use."

Challenges

- · Getting it all done in a day.
- Keeping up with the new stuff.

Values

- Knowing her product helps patients feel better.
- Being a credible voice to HCP
- · Hitting her goals

Personal Profile

Stephanie is 41; she has 2 kids and is constantly on-the-go between her job and her kids' activities.

She's been with Axis Pharma for 10 years, all of them as a sales rep. She's repped products in CV area as well as GI. She's a seasoned pro and proud of her skills as a rep.

Sales Call Flow

There is a "ladder approach" to selling her product. The first 2-3 calls focus on the product category; the second 2-3 calls focus on the product itself. There is a specific call objective and message for EACH type of call. Getting up the ladder in a new account takes weeks to months. Call durations vary from 5 minutes to 20 minutes, depending on the objective and the HCP's time available.

A Day in Her Life

Days are long. She's up at 6:00. The work day starts at 7:30; it may end around 10 p.m. when she wraps up a dinner meeting, emails, or inputting notes into Salesforce.

Her territory is urban; she can make up to 8 calls in the day. Call durations range from 5 to 20 minutes, depending on the sales call objective and the HCP.

Devices & Gaming

She starts/ends the day with her laptop. Her phone is her go-to during the day for email/VM, Googling. Tablet is used mostly during sales calls.

She enjoys quick mobile games that can be used as "time fillers." She and her family also enjoy an occasional board game or card game that are simple to learn/play. They can enjoy spending an hour or two playing a game together when they play, which is probably about 1x/month.

How is this
DIFFERENT from the
audience analysis you
currently do?

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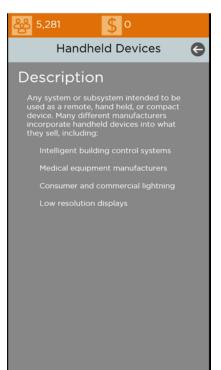
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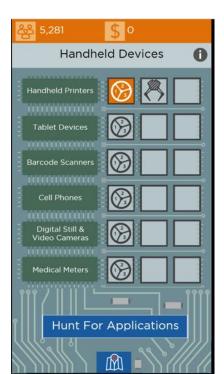
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Learning + Game Design









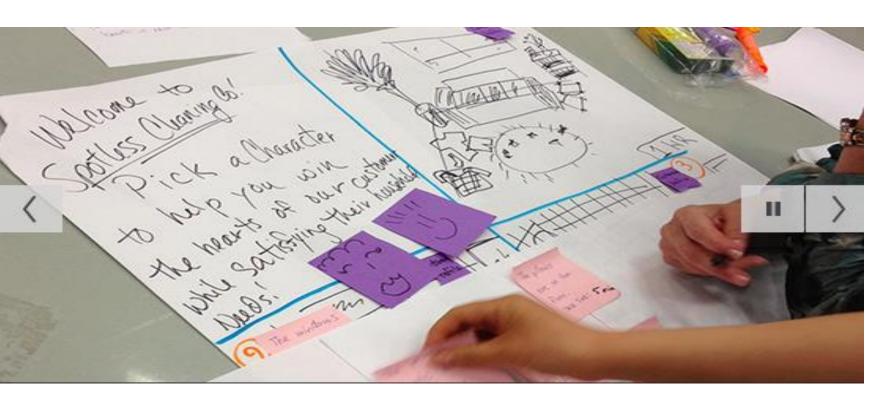
Game design decisions linked to learning needs:

Game design decision	Related learning design need
"Build" and "exploration core dynamics	Correlate to sales reps' real-world context of building sales territories and having several opps in progress at once.
Mini-games	Focus on need to link technologies to applications and then applications to product families.
Use of treasury and population as scoring mechanisms	Good equivalency to \$\$ goals and targets in reps' real world jobs.
Leaderboards and levels	Provide a social and competitive component; show achievement and mastery.

Steps Six, Seven, and Eight

Explore Play games; **START** evaluate as **learning** you play games **Link learning** Set the with game learning design foundation Build Consider Develop; **Playtest**; **DEPLOY** initial ring and iterate iterate rewards prototype

Prototype example



Prototype example



Digital Prototype Example





You learn a lot from a paper prototype....

- How effective your game is at helping people learn what you want them to learn.
- How engaging the game will be to learners. Is it "fun enough"?
- Effectiveness of the game elements.
- How clear the rules are and how they affect the fun and the learning.
- The cognitive load on the learner too high, too low, just right?
- How complex/ expensive the game will be to produce.

Bottom-Line Performance

They are easy to create

- Paper
- Scissors
- Crayons or markers
- Tape



Playtesting: Your "review" process

- 1. Concept Test (paper prototype)
- 2. Outside Development Team
- 3. Beta Test with Target Audience

Play-Testing Questions to Use

	What did you like the best about the game play you did today?
Tester 1	
Tester 2	
Tester 3	
Tester 4	
Tester 5	
Tester 6	

Play Testing Questions to Use

	What didn't you like – and why?
Tester 1	
Tester 2	
Tester 3	
Tester 4	
Tester 5	
Tester 6	

Play Testing Questions to Use

Question	Rate GAME NAME High/Medium/Low on these attributes. Explain your ratings.			
	Fun I had playing	Clarity – knew what to do	Value in helping me learn applications associated w/ customer type	
Tester 1				
Tester 2				
Tester 3				
Tester 4				
Tester 5				
Tester 6				



Develop and Iterate: Who's on the Team?

- Project Manager
- Instructional Designer
- Writer
- Game Designer(s)
- Artist(s)
- Programmer(s) (digital games)

Build vs. Buy

Customization

- Programming Languages
- Game Engines
- Authoring Tools
- Game Templates

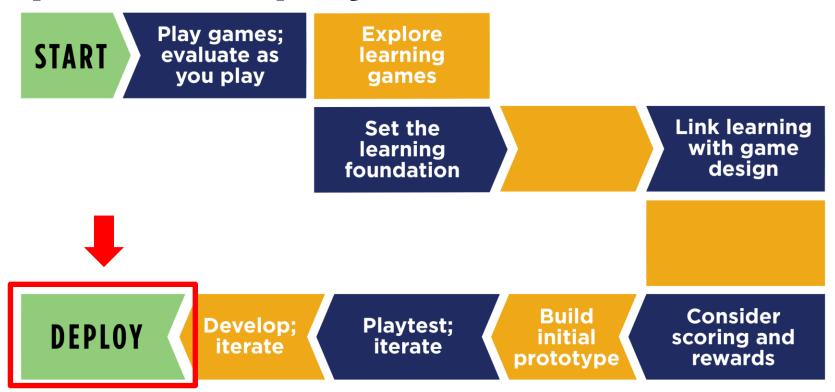
Ease of Use

DIY* resources

Build It Yourself	Tools and Templates	
 Google "Game making resources" LOADS of stuff comes up such as this: https://boardgamegeek.com/thread/933849/designers-resources-list 	 Thaigi – tons of FREE game ideas on his site!! Relatively low-cost options: eLearning Brothers templates for simple games Knowledge Guru platform C3 Softworks 	

^{*}Factor your time into "free." You are NOT free. You cost your company \$\$.

Step Nine: Deploy



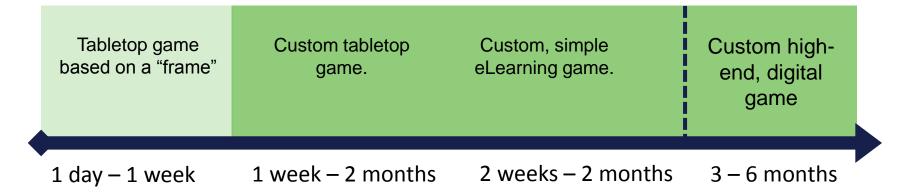
What's Required for Success

Meaningful, relevant game experience

+ Comprehensive + logistics plan

Marketing and communication plan

Time to Produce?



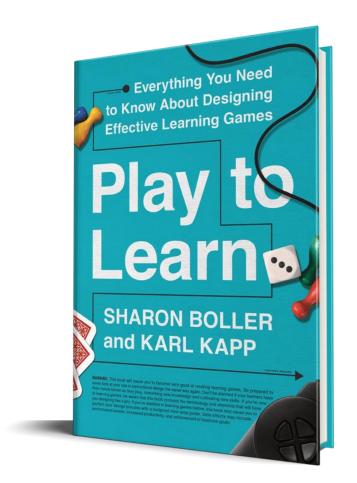
- 1. Tabletop games based on a frame can be done in 8 to 24 hours' time.
- 2. Custom tabletop games can be done in 20 hours to 200 hours time.
- 3. Simple digital games can be done in <40 hours.
- 4. Custom, high-end games >400 hours

QUESTIONS?

Get your copy!

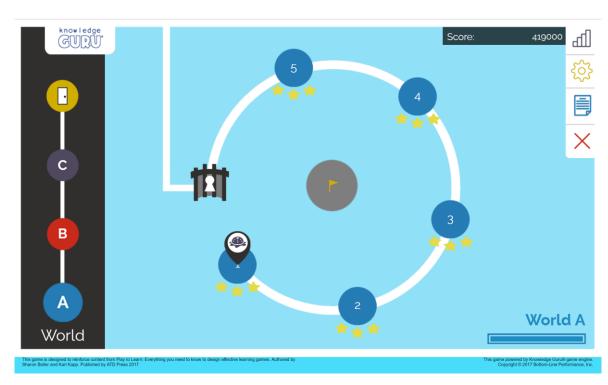
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www.td.org/Publications/Books/Play-to-Learn



Play a Game!

Play this game created for ATD in conjunction with game design book and workshop. (Your info gets deleted after 3 months³)



Join us in Chicago!

September 20 - 21

Register:

https://www.td.org/E vents/Learnnow-Game-Design



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Thank You

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